

Question-Answer Relationships  
(QARs)

**In the book:  
Right There**



**LITERAL**

The answer can be found in the text.  
Words from the question and words that  
answer the question are often 'right  
there' in the same sentence.

Source: Oxford University Press

Question-Answer Relationships  
(QARs)

**In the book:  
Think and Search**



**INFERENCE**

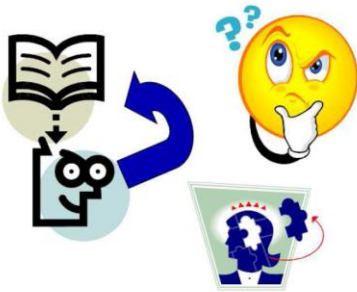
The answer is in the text. But it may be in  
more than one place in the text.  
Readers need to put together different  
pieces of information. The answer may be  
found across sentences or even across  
different paragraphs.

\* The question might contain words that mean the same, but  
are a rewording or paraphrase of the information in the text.

Source: Oxford University Press

Question-Answer Relationships  
(QARs)

**In my head:  
Author and Me**



**INFERENCE**

The answer is not directly in the text.  
To answer the question, readers need to  
think about how the text and what they  
already know fit together.

Source: Oxford University Press

Question-Answer Relationships  
(QARs)

**In my head:  
On My Own**



**EVALUATIVE**

The answer is not in the text.  
Readers need to use their own ideas and  
experiences to answer the question.

Source: Oxford University Press